



Education (Tertiary Education and Other Matters) Amendment Bill 2017

Delivering the right skills for the 21st century.
Flexibility, innovation, and accountability.
An equitable playing field.

<p>Funding shifts in response to changes in student demand and the labour market</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 A funding mechanism can be amended and conditions added during an investment plan period. 2 Criteria for amending or replacing an investment plan is published in the Gazette.
<p>Strong and efficient monitoring of the tertiary system</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 TEC can put broader conditions on funding that allow the TEC to better monitor the tertiary system. 2 TEIs must maintain and make available for inspection, records on their use of funding and compliance with funding conditions. 3 TEC may recover some of their costs of TEO investigations where a TEO is found to have breached funding conditions.
<p>An equitable playing field</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 TEIs and PTEs receive the same funding rates for delivering the same courses. 2 Wānanga can apply to use protected terms (such as 'university') in the same way as PTEs can. 3 Domestic students have the same refund protections as international students studying a short course at a PTE.
<p>Broad student protection arrangements</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Schools are able to manage international student misconduct outside of school hours. 2 It is an offence for a tertiary education organisation to falsely award credits to a student studying towards a qualification. 3 Export Education Levy can be used to reimburse international students if a private or partnership school fails.
<p>Minor and technical</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 TEIs can pool trust assets into a common fund. 2 TEI council operations are modernised. 3 A suite of technical funding and reporting changes. 4 Providers report compulsory student services fee information on their websites. 5 PTEs are called independent tertiary establishments.

Notes: Tertiary education institution (TEI): Publicly owned tertiary education providers. There are eight universities, sixteen institutes of technology and polytechnics, and three wānanga.

Private training establishment (PTE): Privately owned organisations. These include private companies and charitable trusts.

Tertiary education organisation (TEO): Includes universities, institutes of technology, polytechnics, wānanga, private training establishment and industry training providers.